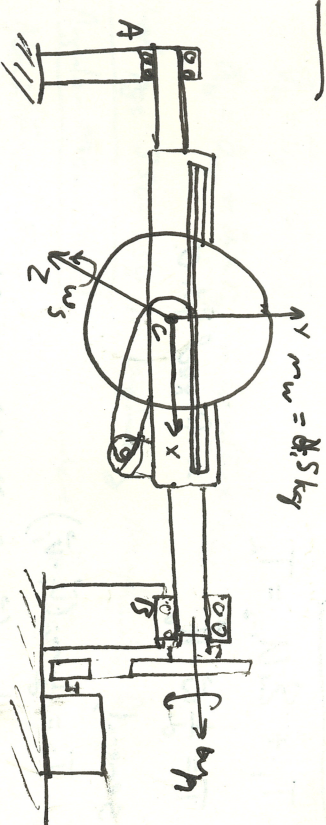


Given:



Bearings @ A, B, C

$$\omega_s = 200 \frac{\text{rev}}{\text{min}} \left(\frac{1 \text{ min}}{60 \text{ s}} \right) (2\pi \text{ rad}) = 20.94 \text{ rad/s} \quad 20.94$$

$$\omega_{\text{bar}} = 600 \frac{\text{rev}}{\text{min}} \left(\frac{1}{60} \right) (2\pi \text{ rad}) = 62.83 \text{ rad/s} \quad 62.83$$

$$m_w = 4.5 \text{ kg}$$

$$m_b = 1 \text{ kg}$$

Initial assumptions:

- Disregard mass of spin drive motor, let's get an initial estimate of loading conditions just due to angular momentum. → then develop more detailed analysis
- Similarly disregard, or just assume couple disc spinning and massless shaft, gears

Final:

- reaction forces at bearings A, B
- reaction forces @ C bearings

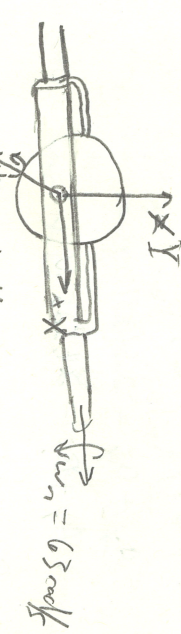
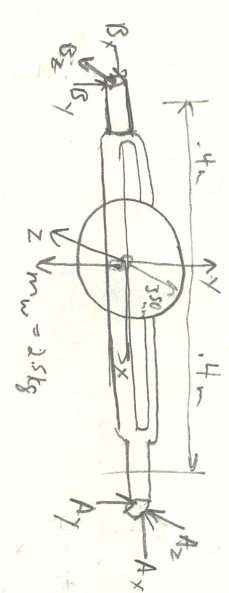
$$I_x = I_y = \frac{1}{4} m r^2 = \frac{1}{4} (4.5 \text{ kg}) (0.35 \text{ m})^2 = 0.17656 \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m}^2$$

$$I_z = \frac{1}{2} m r^2 = \frac{1}{2} (4.5 \text{ kg}) (0.35 \text{ m})^2 = 0.15313 \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m}^2$$

1/8/09

Analysis:

Free Body Diagram



Kinematics

Set X, Y, Z, to the x, y, z coordinate frame

Free body has $\vec{\omega} = \vec{\omega}_s + \vec{\omega}_b$

$$= 21\hat{k} + 63\hat{i}$$

$$\vec{\omega} = 63\hat{i} + 21\hat{k}$$

$$\Rightarrow \omega_x = 63 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\omega_y = 0$$

$$\omega_z = 21 \text{ rad/s}$$

The derivative w.r.t. to x, y, z axes however, I don't believe $\vec{\omega}$ will change w/ time

Equations of Motion

$$\sum M_x = I_x \alpha_x - I_y \omega_z \omega_y + I_z \omega_x \omega_z$$

$$0 = 0 - 0 + 0$$

$$\sum M_y = I_y \alpha_y - I_z \omega_x \omega_z + I_x \omega_z \omega_x$$

$$-A_z(0.4) + B_z(0.4) = -(1.5)(63 \text{ rad/s})(21 \text{ rad/s})$$

$$-A_z + B_z = -50.614775 \text{ km} \frac{\text{rad}^2}{\text{s}^2}$$

1/8/09

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